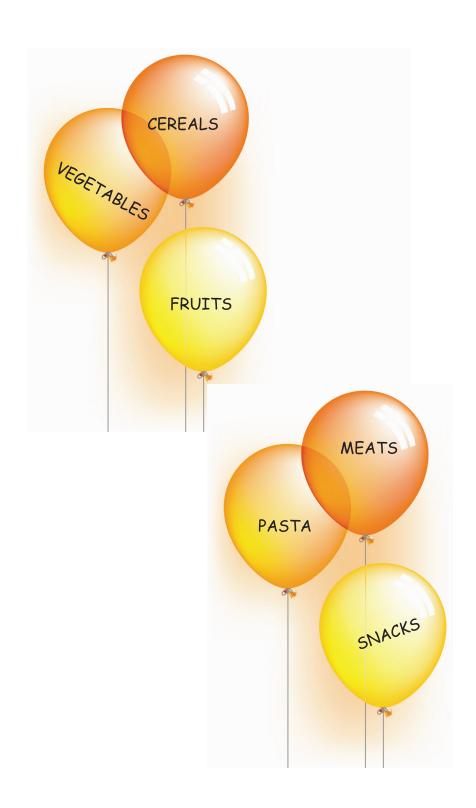


Matthew S. Cohen, MD 272 West Park Avenue Long Beach, NY 11561

516-543-5000 /Fax: 516-543-4180





WELCOME TO THE INTRODUCTION OF SOLIDS!



Most common brands purchased:

Beech Nut

Gerber

Earthbound

Earth's Best

Dr. Matt has no preference with regard to brands. We recommend trying a couple of brands to see which you and your baby like best.

With regard to the use of organic products, please be sure that they have a certification seal to ensure that they are truly "organic". Furthermore, if interested, one can prepare their own vegetables and fruits. The homemade method is rather easy, and can save a significant amount of money. In addition, you will be able to control the sugar content as well as preservatives contained in the food.

Current AAP (American Academy of Pediatrics) recommendations are the introduction of solids between 4 and 6 months of age. Ultimately the decision is up to you, however I strongly recommend introduction of solids at 4 months (assuming no allergic concerns). This is adequate time to insure that the infant's gut is mature and ready for solids, while beginning the socialization to the textures and tastes of food at the earliest possible time.

LET'S GET STARTED!

Breakfast	<u>Cereal</u>		
Lunch		 	
Dinner			

Rice Cereal is the first solid food introduced. Here's why: It is hypoallergenic as well as a good source of calories with considerably less sugar and fat content than baby formula. In addition, oatmeal and barley cereals can be introduced at 4 to 5 months of age. Current recommendations are that rice cereal should be limited to 2-3 servings per week. Feel free to give oatmeal and barley 2-3 times per week as well to ensure 1-2 servings of cereal per day.

No matter what grandma says...NEVER put cereal into the bottle unless advised by Dr. Matt directly.

Serving Size and Number of servings per day:

Serving size is 2-4 tablespoons per serving with approximately 1-2 servings per day.

While we generally give cereal once a day (usually at breakfast) there are times when you may provide your child with a second serving either at lunch or dinner

Remember: Only one new food is introduced every three to four days!!

The reasoning behind waiting 3-4 days between new foods is to observe for an allergic reaction to the newly introduced food.

The most common allergic reactions are:

Rash

Vomiting and/or diarrhea

Feel free to contact the office immediately in the event of an apparently significant allergic reaction.

Now that we've introduced Rice cereal... LET'S MOVE ON TO **VEGETABLES**,

the next group of solid foods.

Breakfast <u>Cereal</u>	_
Lunch __\	/egetable
Dinner	Vegetable
Stage 1 vegetables are a serving. Your child may tablespoons or finish the	take as little as 1-2
green first, then orange), vegetable every 3-4 days	nge 1 vegetable (we prefer continue to introduce 1 new at lunch and dinner.
servings of vegetables at two different vegetables.	feedings, feel free to give two t each meal. (These can be) can be a newly introduced
Breakfast <u>Cereal</u>	_
Lunch Vegetable	Vegetable
Dinner <u>Vegetable</u> _	Vegetable
It is	ok if your child takes only 1/2 a

It is ok if your child takes only 1/2 a jar of vegetable or less, as this will still provide diversity of textures and tastes and socialize the child to solids.

Feel free to occasionally substitute one vegetable serving at lunch or dinner with cereal.

4-5 Veggies must be added (a mixture of green, orange, and other) before introduction of the first fruit.

Feed your child the way you would eat.
Your goal is to offer a good variety of healthy foods
that are rich in the nutrients they need.
Watch your child for cues that he/she has had enough
to eat.

VEGETABLE LIST

4 Months and older

Sweet Potatoes

Carrots

Squash

Zucchini

Corn

Peas

Green Beans

Spinach

Broccoli

Cauliflower

Asparagus

Beets

Cabbage



LET'S MOVE ON TO **FRUIT**!!

Now that we've introduced rice cereal as well as 4-5 vegetables, we can comfortably introduce our first fruit to be a part of Breakfast and as a "dessert" for Lunch and Dinner.

Breakfast	Cereal	<u>Fruit</u>	_	
Lunch <u>Ve</u>	<u>getable</u>	<u>Vegetable</u>	<u>Fruit</u>	
Dinner <u>Ve</u>	getable	<u>Vegetable</u>	Fruit	

At this point, you can continue to introduce one new food every 3-4 days.

Remember: Only one new food is introduced every three to four days!!

While there is no set rule regarding the introduction of "berries" (blueberries, strawberries etc.), these fruits tend to have a higher degree of allergenicity than others.

FRUIT LIST			
4-6 Months		6-9 Months	
Bananas	Prunes	Cherries	
Applesauce	Mango	Strawberries	
Pears	Guava	Blueberries	
Peaches	Kiwi	Raspberries	
Apricots	Papaya	Pineapple	
Plums	Avocado	Oranges	
		Grapefruit	
		Tomato	



LET'S MOVE ON TO **MEAT!!**

Chicken or turkey is generally recommended as the first meat to introduce to your child.

It is reasonable to prepare meat yourself (though jar baby food meat is acceptable as well.) The preferred method to prepare meat is by baking. However, if you wish, you may boil, poach or stew. Using a crock pot or slow cooker is an excellent way to prepare your own multi-food combination meals.

The recommended way to puree meat is to make sure the cooked meat is cold and no larger than 1-2 inches in size.

At 6 months we recommend advancing to Stage 2 Fruits and Vegetables.

All infants mature at different rates, so ensure that your child can tolerate the thicker consistency and slightly larger volume.

Remember: You will have to experiment because all babies have different tolerance and preferences for various tastes and textures.

MEAT LIST

6 Months and older

Chicken
Turkey
Beef
Lamb
Veal
Ham

The introduction of MEAT will provide the baby with an excellent source of iron (iron stores generally begin to deplete at this time) as well as protein.

At approximately **7 MONTHS**, you can add the following foods:

- Plain whole-milk yogurt
 - Mild cheeses

(cottage, ricotta, cream cheese, pot cheese).

Another food commonly introduced at this time is Egg YOLK (NO EGG WHITES).

Pasta (usually in the form of pastina) can be introduced at this time as well.



At **8 MONTHS** we recommend the introduction of teething biscuits (zwieback, arrowroot, etc.).

Puffs and cheerios can be started at this time.



Remember: All children attain milestones at different times. If you feel your child appears to have difficulty, feel free to discontinue and retry at another time.

Remember: Only one new food is introduced every three to four days whether it's a meat, fruit, vegetable or cereal!!

At **9 MONTHS** we recommend that the baby eat what you eat. This can include advancement to table foods.

Remember: The size of a pea is the appropriate size of a solid food to be introduced to your child.

If your child appears to have difficulty tolerating table food, and it is your desire to continue "baby foods", I strongly recommend advancing to Stage 3 at 9 months of age.

Some suggestions: We can now add asparagus, broccoli, cauliflower, eggplant, white potatoes, onions, peppers, leeks, mushrooms, parsnips, beans/ legumes.



OTHER FOODS			
	6-9 months		
Mashed potatoes	Custards		
Beans	Puddings		
Cheeses	Jello		
Pastina/Pastas	Chocolate		
Teething Biscuits	Ice Cream		
Breads	Pancakes		
Tapioca	French Toast		
Cheerios	Waffles		
Egg Yolk	Pizza		



At one year of age, the child may eat what you eat.

This now includes:

Whole milk (NO MORE FORMULA!)

We strongly recommend no more than 24 oz. of whole milk per day. (I prefer 16-20 oz. whole milk per day)

It is OK to go straight to whole milk. There is no need to gradually wean from formula to whole milk.



Remember: Only one new food is introduced every three to four days whether it's a meat, fruit, vegetable, cereal or snack!!

SNACKS					Teething biscuits, cheerios, puffs		
DAIRY				Yogurt, soft cheeses, pastina			Whole milk
MEATS			1-2 servings per day			Pea-sized chicken/turkey	
FRUITS		Stage 1 fruits One serving per meal approx 2-3 times per day	Stage 2 Fruits			Stage 3 Fruits	
VEGGIES	Stage 1 (4-5 veggies before first fruit.)		Stage 2 Veggies			Steamed/soft Veggies and/or Stage 3	
CEREAL	Iron-fortified Rice Cereal,Oatmeal, Barley Begin with about 1 tsp dry cereal mixed with 4-5 tsp breast milk or formula. Gradually thicken consistency and increase to 2-4 Tblsp. per serving, 1-2 times per day.						
	4 months	5 months	6 months	7 months	8 months	9 months	l year